OF THE LEAST PARTITIONS BUT ONLY

THE FUGITIVE SLAVE AND MURDERER ANDER-ON TO BE TAKEN FROM CANADA TO ENGLAND .-We published yesterday the decision of the Court of Queen's Bench in England in the case of the negro John Anderson, now in the jail of Toronto, in Canada, claimed in virtue of the Extradition treaty, from the courts of that province, by the authorities of Missouri, as having committed murder in that State. The fact of the homicide is not denied; but it was claimed by the counsel of the accused that the act, having been done to secure his liberty, the de ceased having attempted to detain him as a fugitive slave, is not marder in the eye o British law, and that therefore the prisoner ought not to be delivered to justice. But this view of the case erroneously assumes that the nature of the crime is to be determined by British law, and not by the laws of the United States, where the offence is charged to have been committed; and accordingly a majority of the Canadian Court of Queen's Bench decided in favor of the rendition of the criminal. Leave was asked to appeal to the Court of Queen's Bench in England, which was neither granted nor yet positively refused, but held in reserve for future decision

Meantime an application is made by the counsel of the negro to the English Court of Queen's Bench for a writ of habeas corpus. After apologies for interfering with "the colonial independence" of Canada, and expressing apprehension that the writ may be treated with contempt, the Court, evidently with great hesitation, consented to the issue of the writ "for the protection of the liberty of the subject," it having been sworn by British abolitionists that the Missouri fugitive slave is a British subject. Thus Anderson and the Governor of Canada are to be brought before the Court, in order to a review of the decision of the provincial judges. This is an outrageous infringement on the independence of the Canadian Judiciary, which ought to be resented and resisted by the people and the Governor. As for the lissouri authorities, they will have to employ counsel to argue the case in the British Court of Queen's Bench, or let it go by default; and if that Court should decide that the accused ought to be surrendered, then there may be an appeal on a writ of error to the twelve judges, and, finally, from them to the House of Lords. If the latter should decide that the prisoner ought to be delivered up, he will be safer than before; for, according to the organ of Lord John Russell, "the Foreign Secretary will never be advised to surrender a fugitive who has had the misfortune to kill his adversary in defending his own life."

Such is British observance of treaties. By the Ashbarton treaty all that is necessary is to present affidavits, not to the courts, but to the government, stating the nature of the offence and identifying the accused. The government is bound to surrender him, and in this case would have done so long since had he been a white man, or had the Union not been rent asunder as it is.

This is but the beginning of our troubles

with the English government. It can now af ford to despise us. Hence it is that it will not surrender San Juan Island, in Puget Sound. Were the States as united as they have been in other days, Great Britain would speedily give up both the island and the fugitive from justice. But if the British authorities should be so blind to their own interests as to refuse to send back Anderson, they may expect retaliation in this country, to say nothing of the feeling which such a course will be sure to produce in Canada. There can be no doubt that in the present temper and prospects of that province, and under the circumstances of the formation of a new Northern confederacy, its annexation will be hastened in a manner beyond what the slow coaches of England can have any conception of. When the thirteen colonies were ripe for independence, a small matter precipitated them into revolution. Now that Canada is ready to throw off the yoke, such an opportunity as interference with her legislative and judicial independence will be a godsend to her patriotic people.

# IMPORTANT FROM SPRINGFIELD.

## THE POSITION OF THE PRESIDENT ELECT.

SPRINGFIELD, III., Jan. 29, 1861. This morning's Journal contains an authoritative contradiction of a Washington despatch to the press, stating that Mr. Lincoln had written to his Congressional friends recommending concillatory measures. It says the country may rest assured that in Abraham Lincoln they have a republican President—one who will give them a republican administration. Mr. Lincoln is not committed to the border Sate comp omise, nor to any other. He stands immosale compounts, nor to any other. He stands immo-sably on the Chicago platform, and he will neither ac-quiesce in, nor counsel his friends to acquiesce in, any comprenaise that surrenders one lots of it Mr. Lincoln will leave to morrow on a two days' visit

to his step mother, living near Charleston, in this State. J. T. Williams and W. Mitchell, M. C., of Indiana, are here, precing Colfax for the Cabinet. The tender of the services of Col. Sunner and Major

Bunter upon the journey to Washington was made by

A proposition to accompany Mr. Lincoln to Indianapolis is now being discussed by the members of the Legisia-There is a perfect inundation of Chicago politiciaus.

Leacon Bress, of the Tribune, figures conspicuously among Non-Arrival of the Bohemian.

### PORTLAND, Jan. 29-12 Midnight. There are no signs of the steamship Bohemian, with

Liverpool dates to the 17th and Londonderry to the 18th mat., now fully due at this port. Wind southwest-

## The New Jersey Legislature.

The House to-day agreed to a concurrent resolution The House to-day agreed to a concurrent resolution inviting Abraham Lincoln, President elect of the United States, to visit the capital of New Jersey, and extendiog to him the hospitalities of the State, on his route to washington city.

The Henterdom and Somerset Farmers' Railroad bill was introduced.

The Senate confirmed a number of nominations by Governor Olden of Commissioners of Decca for other States.

The Fish Trade.
Boston, Jan. 29, 1861.
There is said to be over thirty thousand barrels of macketel stored in Gloucester, waiting sale, the South ramarket for fish being about closed.

NEWS FROM THE STATE CAPITAL.

The Probable Action of the Democratic Convention No Party Issues to be Brought Up-An Appeal to Refer the Question to the People their Programme—The Senatorial Controversy and the Inconsistency of the Members-The Pressure to be Brought to Bear Enrolment of the Militia Central Park Cooper Union Debate on Robinson's Resolutions,

ke.,

ALBANY, Jan. 29, 1861. Next to the Senatorial question the Democratic State Convention is the exciting theme in political circles here. What will they do is asked on all sides, and the republicans feign to look upon it with ridicule; but under this pretension lies an unmistakeable fear of the result; they ee that the Convention, with the able men that will oc cupy seats in that body, can easily place them in a bad position before the people—their anxiety is on that point. From the most reliable information that I can obtain the Convention will not consider the issues in a partisan light, but will rise above that, laying one side all pas sues and consider it simply as it now stands before the ountry. They will not stop to debate the question whether the republican er the democratic party is respon-sible for the present deplorable condition of our country or whether the politicians of the North or South are to blame, but will let bygones be bygones, and take the question as it now stands. The republicans hold that the whole subject was finally settled last November by the endorsement of the Chicago platform, and stick to that as their ultimatum, when in fact there was no issue pefore the people at that time. As it now stands, it is stated that the Convention, throwing one side its partisan character, will look the present condition of the country fair and square in the face, and taking the fact that six States have already passed ordinances of seces-sion, one section arming themselves with the determi-nation to dissolve all connection with the other; they will, looking those facts in the face, simply conside what shall be done to bring peace to our disturbed country, leaving past issues to be acted upon by such re-publican politicians as believe that there has been no change in sentiment since last fall. From the tone of the eading minds of the Convention I judge that they will appeal to the party in power to submit the Crittenden endments, or some other similar conciliatory proposition, to the people at an early day, as a question to store harmony to our distracted nation. They will follow respect, and endeavor to give force and power to the arnuments already advanced in that direction. As a matter the submission of the question, and can only, by the unanimous and urgent expression of this point, prevail upon Congress or the Legislature to refer the whole subject back to the people for them to act upon, as the issue is presented to-day, throwing one side all dead issues. Should they confine their action to that one point as it is now marked out by the leaders, it will have a good effect; but if, on the centrary, they should branch out into a partisan discussion, and take up the question of who is to blame, and review all the old issues, the Convention canot fail to prove worse than a failure, and do more harm than good. Their only hope is that wise and prudent counsels should prevail, and from present indications there is every reason to hope that such will be the case, and the proceedings marked with a tone that cannot fail to be beneficial. There will be a great many eld men in the Convention brought out from their long obscurity, and it is a question whether all these relies will take a practical view of the questions at issue. Let us wait patiently and see. Nothing new has transpired in the Senatorial contest. Both parties are making a desperate effort, and the canvass for Evarts is vigorously pushed by his friends. It is rumored that despatches and letters have been sent to all parts of the State to those supposed to be favorable to Evarts to visit Albany this week, and, by thus concentrating their efforts on the members, bring about a pressure that will carry everything before them; but, from certain indications, they will be met in this on their own ground, as I understand that there is to be a small army here to-morrow on the other side. It is reported that, in addition to about a score or more already here from New York, there will be in the neighborhood of two hundred mere this evening and to-morrow to take a hand in this nice little family quarrel. This number will be about equally divided between the two prominent candidates. Joe. Hoxi'es smilling face is already to be seen in the Greeley lobb the submission of the question, and can only, by the unant mous and urgent expression of this point, prevail upon

power, in spite of the representations of the other purties to the contrary. But with the electioneering and under-ground workings that will be made during the next four ground workings that will be made during the next four or five days there is no telling what changes may be brought about. Evarts has the advantage in having the best general to marshal his forces. There is no telling what a day or an hour may bring forth, under the tactics that is being used to wheel the members into line on both sides. There is one thing certain, the leaders of both of the prominent candidates are deceived in their strength. There are men counted as sure for Evarts who are out hard out for Greeley, and vice versa, be sides others who are still uncommitted, laying back with the impression that the two will succeed in killing each other off.

There are questions that will enter into this controversy above anything that is seldem brought up in the elec-

other off.

There are questions that will enter into this controversy above anything that is seldom brought up in the election of a United States Senator. There never was an instance before where the Legislature was called upon to claim a representation of this great State in the United States Senate that the question of secsion, revolution or dissolution stood up before them. Before choosing the successor of Seward a majority of the members desire to know all about the man whom they are going to sent to the Senate, and especially how he stands upon the present attitude of national affairs. I am satisfied that a mere party lish cannot whip members into the support of candidates for Senator as it did on that for Spefker at the commencement for the session, and those who are counting without their hosts. It is well that such is the case, for the election of a person to represent the State in the Senate for six years is one of too great importance to be decided in that form.

There is, however, a palpable inconsistency in the course of some of the members upon this question. We find legislators going in and doing their utmost to prevent the passage of conciliatory resolutions, and, at the same time, rolling up their sleeves and working for a candidate for United States Senator who is understood to endorse Weed's platform upon this question; and, on the other hand, members who openly support Robinson's resolutions taking the field for a candidate known to be opposed to all conciliation in any shape or form. If this is not inconsistency, then Webster does not give a correct definition of that word. These facte must convince any person that there is more in this fight than is to be seen on the surface.

The proceedings of the House to-day were dry, duil and

urface.

The proceedings of the House to-day were dry, dull and primportant. Several local bills, such as building sidewalks, incorporating gas companies, and building side-walks, incorporating gas companies, and building rail fences in some rural portions of the State, were considered in the Committee of the Whole and ordered to a third resulting.

in the Committee of the Whole and ordered to a third reading.

The Senate had a more interesting session, and were in the Committee of the Whole on the bill appropriating \$160,000 for the purpose of arming and equipping the militia of the State. Upon the various sections of this bill a lively obsenses on transpired, in which Senator Cotin accuract the republican Senators of desiring to arm the military for the purpose of forcing the Chicago platform upon the citizons of the South. This charge brought out some of the republican Senators, who felt called upon to explain their position, all of whim delared it to be a wise policy in time of peace to prepare for war; and that the resolutions recently adopted by the legislature, tendering to the Freedent the resources of the State to put down insurrection, meant the very thing which was in this bill. Having piedged the resources of the State it was their duty to so prepare themselves that if the President should demand aid they could give him something whostantial and not worthless regiments. Progress only was reported.

The Central Park layestigating Committee this morning reported a bill to provide for the reduction of the Central Park C mmission. It was referred to the Committee of the Whole. The following is the bill—

the Whole. The following is the bill—

Sec. I. Immediately after the passage of this act the Governor of the State of New York shall designate and appoint six of the Commissioners of the Central Park, those in office, be thereafter Commissioners of the Central Park, which said six Commissioners so designated and appointed shall hold office for five years from the expiration of their present term of office and until others are appointed in their stead, and shall continue to be and constitute the Board of Commissioners of the Central Park, and may at any time during their continuance in office fill any vacanches occurring in their number, and shall possess all the rights powers and authorities heretofore out ferred by any act or asks of the Legislature of this Sigte, upon Commissioners of the Central Park or upon the naid board. When the said six Commissioners are so designated and appointed, the term of office of all the other Commissioners of the Central Park shall thereupon cease and determines

mated and appointed, the error of chine of an inconstruction missioners of the Central Park shall thereupon cease and determine.

Sec. 2. So much of the second section of an act entitled "An act to amend an act entitled and for the regulation and government of the Central Park, in the city of New York," passed April 17, 1857, and ruther to provide for the maintenage and government of the Res. passed April 18, 1850, as limits the term of call the Res. passed April 18, 1850, as limits the term of the last the Res. passed April 18, 1850, as limits the term of the last the passage of the act therethereby amended, and as provides the mode of filling wannies occasioned by expiration of terms of office, as an all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the section of the Res. It has an act are hereby repealed.

Sec. 1. The said doubt act are hereby repealed.

Rec. 1. The said doubt act are hereby repealed to said loard, upon such trust and conditions as may be prescribed by the doubt of granters thereof, and agreed to by soid Board in the purpose of embellishing or ornamenting aid Hourd in the purpose of embellishing or ornamenting aid and the property of the said and the purpose of embellishing or ornamenting aid and the condition and value of all such gifts, devies or bequests, and of the names of the persons by whom the sums are to given, devised or bequeathed.

This bill seems to meet with general favor with the

This bill seems to meet with general favor with the powers that be at Albany, as well as the friends of the

Cen wal Park improvement, who do not wish to see a new set of men take possession and change the plan of the work a 's great cost before it is finished. Senator Manierre introduced shill to amend the act for

nator Manierre introduced chill to amond the act for incorp-vaction of Fire Insurance Companies. It is notings the foreign companies doing business in the c, and provides that "the provisions of the act pass of 25, 1863, abuil apply to all foreign companies, parthip associations and individuals, whether incorpora-

d or not incorporated."
The Governor trans. utited to the Assembly the report f the Trustees of the Cyoper Union, for the advancement science and art in the Sity of New York, for the year

to.

It appears from the report that it is accomplishing at at Mr. Cooper intended when Ne made the gift:— .

The receipts from the rents of stores and stalls are. \$21,903 95 All other sources. 9,726 06 

NEW YORK LEGISLATURE. Senate.

Mr. Kercham presented several petitions to reduce the Mr. Mossos brought in a bill reorganizing the State Asylum for Idiots, and to provide for the management

thereof.

Mr. Processe brought in a bill relating to County Treasu rers. It provides that each County Tressurer shall, within twenty days after his election and before he enters on the duties of the office, in addition to the bond now required to the Supervisors of the county, give bond to the people of the State of New York, with two sureties, in

people of the State of New York, with two sureties, in such a sum as the Comptroller shall direct, conditional on the faithful discharge of his duties. It also requires Treasurers to pay over the State tax by the list of March, or in default to pay interest at ten per cent on all deficiencies until they are paid.

Mr. Processor also introduced a bill concorning the navigation of canals and the collection of tolls. It gives steam canal boats precedence over others, compelling the latter to turn out for the former, and forbids Collectors giving any credit for tolls or boats. It provides that Collectors and Weighmasters shall reside at the place where the office is located, forbids the use of water from the Syracuse level for propelling machinery without the consent of all the Canal Commissioner, and limits such consent to periods when there shall be a surplus of water over the quantity required to supply the Oswego canal, and to maintain during the season the navigation at seven feet water upon the Syracuse, Rome and Jordan levels. It authorizes the Auditor, when there is less than this depth of water, to suspend the weighing of boats at the Syracuse weighlock, and to make any arrangement to supply the same at a cost of not over thirty thousand dolars for the first year, and five thousand per year thereafter.

The bill relating to the Department of Finance in New

thirty thousand dot ars for the irst year, and ave thousand per year thereafter.

The bill relating to the Department of Finance in New York was revived by a motion to reconsider the vote defeating that bill. The motion was laid on the table. The bill relating to the military defeaces of the State was referred to the Committee of the Whole.

Adjourned.

Messrs. Hillhouse, J. McLeod Murphy and Abell were appointed the Joint Selcect Committee on the part of the

senate on the Virginia resolutions. The bill to regulate the navigation of the canals, and relative to the collection of tolls, was reported favor-

ably.

Mr. MANKERE noticed bills relative to the public health of the Metropolitan Police District, also relative to the Quarantine and the removal thereof.

Mr. MANERER introduced a bill to incorporate the Veterans of the National Guard, Seventh regiment.

The bill to provide for the redemption of the State stock issued to the Auburn and Rochester Railroad was reassed.

stock issued to the Auburn and Rochester Railroad was passed.

Mr. Kerchan called up the concurrent Assembly resolution tendering the President elect the hospitalities of the State, and it was adopted—ayes 24, nays 1, Mr. Lawrence voted in the negative. In Committee of the Whole, the bill to authorize Richmond county to borrow \$36,000 for Quarantine damages and the Canal Appropriation bill were ordered to a third reading.

Mr. Cosnouly introduced a bill making New Year's and Christmas days, the Fourth of July, general election day, and fast and thanksgiving days, legal holidays.

Mr. Rows reported by bill to amend the Cectral Park act. It provides that the Governor shall appoint six of the present Commissioners, for five years from the close of the precent term, who shall hereafter constitute the Board.

Board.

The Albany and Susquehanna Railroad bill was taken up, but no progress made.

#### Assembly.

ALBANY, Jan. 28, 1861. Mr. Woodsury presented a petition from members of the New York Common Council, for compensation for services in 1858 and 1859. Petitions were presented by Messrs. Camp, McDion.

and Buswerns, for the reduction of freight on milk on the New York and Harlem Railroad.

Among the notices of bills was one by Mr. W. Lewis, to provide for the erection of a monument to the memo-ry of Baron Von Steuben.

The annual report of the State Idiot Asylum was pre-sented.

The annual report of sented.

The Military Association of the State transmitted, through the spaker, a series of resolutions adopted by the association condemning the action of the seceding States, and professing devotion to the Union, and expressing the readiness of the association to hold themselves in preparation at all times to aid in enforcing obedience to the constitution and the laws

The following bills were introduced:—
By Mr. Farsham—To amend the charter of the Poughkeepsie and New Paitz Ferry Company.
By Mr. Warson—To construct a bridge over the Black

keepsic and New Pailtz Ferry Company.

By Mr. Warson.—To construct a bridge over the Black
Rock harbor, Buffalo.

By Mr. Benemer.—Relative to the sale of lard, obliging
those who sell lard, under a penaity of twenty-five dollars
for each offence, to have the packages properly branded
in three qualities.

Mr. Rossneso brought in two bills to amend the Geneeral Life Insurance act, by requiring foreign companies,
doing business here through ageocies, to make annual
reports of the condition of such companies at home, and
not only of the condition of their agencies here; also re,
quiring such companies to deposit with the Superintencent of the Insurance Department securities to the
amount of one hundred thousand dollars of the same
kind as is required for companies of this State, and to
appoint an attorney in this State on whom process of law
may be served.

Mr. Moons moved that the privileges of the floor be
extended to Hun. N. A. Childs, ex-member, during his
stay in the city.

Mr. Rossness objected to the recolution, and gave notice
that he should ofter a resolution to reconsider all similar

stay in the city.

Mr. Rosason objected to the resolution, and gave notice that he should offer a resolution to recensider all similar resolutions already passed. There were a great many ex-members of Assembly, and while the House doubtless respected them very highly, he deemed it unnecessary to tender them all the privileges of the floor.

Mr. Basacas moved to refer the resolutions of Mr. Cezans, ravoring the calling of a National Convention, to the Committee of the whole House. Laid over for de-

bate.

Mr. Harry called up the resolution for an inquiry into
the affairs of the New York Institutions of the Blind,

and it was adopted.

The bill for the better enrelment and discipline of the milita of the state was debated in Committee of the Whole. A discussion took place on the question of substituting a tax on counties for the commutation tax, and progress was reported.

Adjourned till eleven o'clock te-morrow morning.

Adjourned till eleven o'clock te-morrow morning.

Allany, Jan. 29, 1861.

The whole morning was occupied in considering bills in Committee of the Whole.

The bill amencing the Agricultural Society law, by allowing such societies to hold real estate to the amount of \$30,000, and personal property to the amount of \$10,000, was ordered to a third reading.

The bill repealing the present law relating to capital punishment, and substituting a new bill, dividing murder into two classes, providing a death penalty for the first degree and imprisonment for life for the second degree, came up.

Mr. Chart moved to do away entirely with the death penalty.

penalty.

Mr. KERNAN opposed the motion, on the groundlof public

Mr. KERNAN opposed in favor of the polity.
Mr. ROBERSON and Mr. CHAPMAN spoke in favor of the above ment of the death penalty.
Progress was reported.
The other business was of purely local interest.

EVENING SESSION.

The Assembly held an evening session for the discussion of the resolutions reported by Mr. Robinson on federal relations.

Mr. Ball, republican, made an elequent speech, favoring compromise and concession for the preservation of the Union.

Mr. Ball, republican, made an elequent speech, tavoring compromise and concession for the preservation of
the Union.

Mesers. Angel, Birdsall, Prendergast and Dwight speke
against the resolutions.

Mesers. Hutchings and Congrans spoke in their favor.
The resolutions were may the special order for Tues
day of next week.

Adjourned.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.-Alies Hinkley made has second appearance here last night, in the ever welcome, but somewhat familiar opera, the "Trovatore." Miss Hinkley's success 'n the very arduous role of Leonora was even more decided than in "Lucia." She proved herself to be a very fine dramatic vocalist-one wh needs only a lixtle stage experience to take the highest rank. It may be said, too, of Miss Highest that she is the handsomest of all the Leonoras that the New York stage has yet seen. For the rest, Miss Phillipps and Signor Brig poli sung exceedingly well. Ferri was hourse, and was compelled to omit the gem of his part, the "It and was compelled to omit the gena or his part, the "ir Balen." The house was quite full, and very fashionable. It really appears that we are to have an operation of the receipts for the "Trovatore" last night were very mice a larger than on any previous night of the season. On Thursday Signorina Elena will make her debut in "Lucrezia Borgia." The Academy will then be closed antii the following Wednesday, when the new opera, "Un Ballo in Maschera," will be produced in grand style.

The Boston Weekly Bank Statement.

Boston, Jan. 29, 1861.

Capital stock. \$3,,35,700

Loans and discounts. \$127,900

Specie. 4,502,000

Due from other banks. \$714,000

Due to other banks. \$477,000

Circulation. \$4,50,000

Circulation. \$6,274,600

The Jackslow Trial.

Mr. Dutchen concluded his argument on the part of the government in the case of Jackslow to-day. He was followed by Col. Cannon, Prosecutor for the United States. He proceeded to argue that Long island Sound was the high seas, as that is the unenclosed waters of the cocan outside the laws of land. He quoted several authorities to sustain his argument, and the decision of the Court in the Amistad case, and that of the schooner Elizabeth. In the first case, although the vesses was seized within half a mile of shore, yet the question of jurisdiction of the United States Court was never raised, and in the second case it was disturbly affirmed and settled that the Sound was the high seas. By the act of 1820 the jurisdiction of the United Stated was enlarged by leaving out the words "out of the jurisdiction of any particular State." This act was passed to prevent the escape of many persons who had raised the same point of defence.

Mr. Voorbees pert followed on the worl of the prisoner.

cecape of many persons who had raised the same point of defence.

Mr. Voorhees next followed on the part of the prisoner and in answer to the points raised by Col. Cannon.

Judge Dickerson, after citing various authorities, said that he was of the opinion that Long Island Sound, in any sense of the term, is not a part of the high seas. He did not consider it his duty to arrest the cause at this stage, and called upon the prisoner's counsel to make such defence as they might be able. If, upon submitting the case to the jury they should render a verdict of not guilty. The question of jurisdiction would then be disposed of finally. But if the jury should consider that the prisoner committed the robbery they would, under the direction of the Court, make a special verdict, establishing all the facts necessary to enable the Court to determine the whole question, which might be argued and settled on a motion for an arrest of judgment before a full bench, at the next term in March, and if upon that deviasion would be certified to before the Su preme Court, and all the questions of the case definitely settled by the court of last resort.

Mr. Vorhees then proceeded with the defence without a formal opening. He called two witnesses upon the stand, but nothing was elicited from them.

Large Failure of a Boston Dry Goods

Large Failure of a Boston Dry Goods House.

Boston. Jan. 29, 1861.

The failure of Messrs. Fierce, Brothers & Fianders, dry goods jobbers, in Franklin street, for seven hundred and eighty thousand dollars, was announced to-day.

News from Kansas.

News from Kansas.

Leaviceworm, Jan. 29, 1861.

The admission of Kansas into the Union creates considerable enthusiasm among all political parties. One hundred guss were fired to-day by order of the Republican tentral Committee to celebrate the event.

Messrs. Jones & Cartwright, the transportation firm of this city, have made no assignment, although such may be inferred from a special despatch to the St. Louis Republicon, on the 27th inst. The only assignment that has been made here is that of Rusrell, Majors & Waddell, who prefer their home creditors and endorsers.

A new daily paper, published by D R Anthony, made its appearance yesterday. It will support the republican administration.

administration.

The weather is very pleasant. The recent heavy snov is fast disappearing.

Interesting from Pike's Peak.

FORT KHARNEY, Jan. 28, 1861.

The Central Overland California Express couch for St. Joseph passed here at eleven o'clock on Sunday morning. The dates from Deuver City are to the 24th inst. The weather for the last ten days had been the most severe known since the settlement of the country. The mercury fell on the 23d to twenty-one degrees below zero. A cord of quartz taken from the Fisk lead last week yielded \$501. Five other cords from the same, crushed by a different mill, gave \$1,057. The general average from the claim of the company is \$200 per cord.

Great uneasiness is felt about the coaches of the Central Overland California line. One should have arrived on the 21st, and another on the 23d inst. Neither has yet been heard from.

yet been heard from.

Four Kearsey, Jan. 29, 1861.

The California Overland Central Express coach passed he'e at five o'clock this morning for St. Joseph.

The dates from Denver City are to the 26th inst. The news is unimportant.

Parties are still returning from San Juan with discouraging reports. couraging reports.

Markets.

Markets.

PHILADELPHIA STOCK BOARD.

Stocks steady. Peonsylvania State 5's, 91; Reading Railroad, 22½; Morris Canal, 50½; Long Island Railroad, 9½; Pennsylvania Railroad, 33. Sight exchange on New York, par a 1-10 per cent premium.

New Onleans, Jan. 29, 1861.

Cotten—The Etna's advices have consed an advance in prices; sales to day 22 000 bales at 11½c. for middling; sales of last three days 51 000 bales; receipts of three days 44,000 bales, against 65,000 bales in same time last year; decreased receipts at this port, 182,000 bales; do at all the ports, 560,500 bales. Sugar bowan and ½c. higher: fair to fully fair, 4½c. a 5½c. Freight on cetton to Liverpool, 1d.

Baltimore, Jan. 29, 1861.

on cetton to Liverpool, 1d.

RETIMORE, Jan. 29, 1861.

Flour dull: Howard street and Ohio are held at \$5 37½ a decline of 12½c.; City Mills at \$5 28. Whoat active and firm: red, \$1 30 a \$1 38; white, \$1 45 a \$1 63. Cort steady: yellow, 61c. a 68c.; white, 68c. a 70c. Provision firm. Mess pork \$18 25. Lard 10½c. Coffee steady a 11½c. a 12½c. Whiskey firm at 18c.

Philadelphia, Jan. 29, 1861.

Flour unctanged. Wheat firm: sales 3,000 bushels red, \$1,25 a \$1,20; white, \$1,45. Corn quiet: old, 63c. a 64c. Whiskey, 17½c. a 18½c.

Chourant, Jan. 29, 1860.

Flour in improved demand at \$4,55 a \$4,60. Whiskey average business without quotable change at 14c.

average business without quotable change at 14c. Hogs quotations are nominal and market bare. Mess pork, \$11 a \$17 25. Bulk meats active, chiefly sides at 6½c. a 8½c. Lard dull at 9½c. Money market unchanged. CAPTAIN WEITING'S POLAR EXPERIENCE - Captain Whiting

who commanded the expedition which rescued Dr. Kane rience, at the Brooklyn Polytechnic Institute, on Sunday evening next. The invitation has been accepted. The Captain has also received the following invitation from the Cleveland Library Association, with which he ha

also complied:—

CLEFFLAND, Ohio, Jan. 22, 1261.
GAFTAIN SAM WHITTING, New York:—

DEMS NIR—Would you accept our invitation to deliver a lecsery letter our Library Association during the mouth of
February! You have many old friends and acquaintances
bere who would be pleased to meet you, and delighted to listen to your lecture on your "Polar Experience in the United
States Arctic Expedition," which rescued Dr. Kane. I remonther you on the steamer obio and propeller Emigrant,
and no doubt you would find it pleasant to visit the cuty of
your former residence. Capaints H. D. Pheatt, Lundy,
Conkey and many others join in the request for you to vavor
us with your lecture. If p acticable for you to accept, please
advise me at your excitest convenience. Yours, truly,
Chairman of the Lecture Committee of Cleveland (Ohio) Library Association.

Coroner's Office.

MELASCHOLY SUREDE BY SHOOTING.—An inquest was held yesterday at No. 170 Clinton street, upon the body of loses H. Ogden, a native of New Jersey, aged forty Moses H. Ogden, a native of New Jersey, aged forty years, who committed suicide by shooting himself in the head with a pistol. Deceased, it appeared, was a mahogany dealer, doing business in Grand street. He suffered some severe pecuniary losses of late, which depressed his spirits and made his life very unasppy. Yesterday morning he arose rather earlier than usual, and going to his office shot himself through the head with a navy revolver. The muzzle of the weapon was placed incide of deceased mouth, the ball taking effect in the palate, and passing from thence into the brain, leaving no external mark of injury whatever. No cause, save depression of spirits on account of business troubles, could be assigned for the commission of the rash act.

Supreme Court—Chambers.

Before Hon. Judge Barnard.

THE NEW HAVEN RAILROAD CASE.

JAN. 29—In the Matter of the Schuyler Frauda.—An argument was heard this morning on a motion to dissolve an injunction restraining the New Havon Railroad Company from paying any dividends to the original stockholders pending the litigation known as the ownibus suit, in which there were over forty lawyers ongaged. gaged.

The Judge took the papers and reserved his decision.

Arrivals and Departures.

ARRIVALS.

ARRIVALS.

ARRIVALS.

H. K. Drake, John S. Hargon, Capt A. Sarches y arregin y de Arrieta and servant, F. Carreno and servant, F. Carreno and Garreno and the Capt of Capt of

BERMUDA-Brig Princess Royal-S Yates.

NORTOLK, &c.—' teamship Jamestown—Messra D Levy, A B Frank, Capi Kelly, M Isas, Mrs Edward Sinton, Miss J Stir-ing, Miss Arenta, Miss Gracie Arents, Frank Arents, John Wilson—and 5 in the signature. Christadora's Mair Dye—Wigs and Tou pees—The best in the world. Wholesale and retail. The De privately applied. No. 6 Astor House.

Barry's Tricopherous in the best and cheaper article for dressing, beautifying curing cleanance, preserving and restoring the hair. Insides, try it. Soid by all druggies.

Ministers, Public Speakers, Artistes, Vo-calists and others whose professions render there liable to Diseases of the Threat, Chesi or Lungs would do wait to use Holloway's Ominment. It gives immediate relief in hoarse-ness, soruces of the chest, &c.

For Coughs, Cold, Rheumatian

AND COSTIVENESS,

No remedy is superior to the

VEGETABLE PILLS OF DR. BRANDRETH.

They purify the blood and stp disease in the bud, and expel
it from the body.

Their use has restored many thousands to health, when
other remedies had proved useless.

FRANDRETH'S PILLS

Are said at 25 cests per box, si.

284 Canal street, No 4 Union square and 612 Broadway.

With full directions. German and English Aimanace new
ready.

THE FAMILY BERALD.

The Revolutionary Crists-Doings in Congress-The Real Origin of Secession-Americans with Garibakli-The Japanese Embassy at Horse-The Negro in the Metropolis-Celebraffor of the Anniversary of Burns' Birthday-Local News-Markets, &c., &c. The Fanny Herard of to-day (Wednesday) will,

with other interesting matters, contain; The Latest In-telligence from the National Capital and the Southern States relative to the present revolutionary condition of the country; A Report of the Proceedings of Congress; Avery interesting History of the Old England and New England Puritans, their conduct, character, laws, regulations, persecutions and outrages; Sketches of the American Officers who served in the Italian Army with Garibaldi; The Growth and Condition of the Religious Rement in New York; Returns of the Census in regard to the Negro Population in New York, showing their num-ber, how they live and what they do; Colobration of the Anniversary of the Birthday of Robert Burns; Arrival Home of the Japanese Embassy; The Last Matineo of Mr. Rarey at Niblo's Garden; All the Local News of New York and Vicinity of importance; Reports of the Cattle, Provision and Money Markets, and all interesting news mat ters of the preceding week.

TERMS.—32 a year; four cents a single copy. Subscrip

tions received at the office, northwest corner of Fultor and Nassau streets, New York. Single copies for sale at the counter and by all news agents. Advertisements in parted at the usual Herald rates.

Brawings of R. France & Co.'s Dela-Sussex County, Class 25, Jan. 29, 1861. 31, 27, 1, 20, 69, 67, 32, 21, 70, 55, 48, 18. CONSOLIDATED LOTTERY, CLASS SEVEN, Jan. 29, 1861. 69, 16, 8, 15, 19, 30, 9, 21, 45, 37, 31, 12, 64.

R. FRANCE & CO., Wilmington, Delaware

Drawings of the Delaware State Lotteries.—WOOD, RDDY & CO., Managers of the DELAWARE, KENTUCKY ASD MISSOURI STATE LOTTERIES.

DELAWARE—EXTRA CLASS 99, Jan. 29, 1861.
40, 56, 51, 25, 69, 14, 47, 64, 75, 53, 32, 38, 4.

DELAWARE—CLASS 100, Jan. 29, 1861.
8, 5, 13, 48, 4, 58, 23, 69, 16, 65, 74, 45, 2.

Circulars sent free of charge by addressing either to WOOD, EDDY & CO., Wilmington, Delaware, Or to WOOD, EDDY & CO., 81, Louis, Missouri,

Steinway & Son's Overstrung Grand

King Corn, King Cotton, Uncle Sam, Union and Secession going up in a balloon. Pic the times photographed by flOLMES, 395 Broadway. Wheeler & Wilson's

Moldavia Cream, for Preserving and beautifying the hair. Sold only at W. A. BATCHBLOR'S newly invented Wig Factory, 16 Bond street.

Batchelor's Hair Dye-Reliable, Harm-less and instantaneous; black or brown. Factory 81 Barclay street. Sold and applied at BATCHELOR'S Wig Factory, 16 Bond street.

Hill's Hair Dye, 50 Cents\_Black or

Trusses.—Marsh & Co.'s Radical Cure Truss. No. 2 Vesey street (Aster House), opposite the church

Married.

Case—Farir.—At Hudson Chy, N. J., on Monday, January 28, by the Rev. B. G. Taylor, Charles E. Case, of Fristol, Ind., to Anna Earle, of Green Bay, Wis. Green Bay papers please copy.

Hardy—Sheam.—On Tuesday, January 29, at the house of the Rev. J. L. G. McKown, of Thirty-fourth street, Thomas, youngest son of the late William Hardy, of Lough Rea, to Elien, second daughter of James Sheane, of Killeragh, all of Galway.

Irish papers please copy.

Hannara—Reduct.—In this city, on Thurday, January 24, by the Rev. Dr. Adler, Mr. E. S. Hannan, of Detroit, Mich., to Fanny, youngest daughter of M. L. Butzel, Eeq., of Fockskill, N. Y.

Cincinnati and Detroit papers please copy.

Khannay—Bally—On Sunday, January 27, at St. Ann's church, by Rev. Fa her Farrell, Mr. Edward Kearner to Miss Rose Reduct, all of this city.

Died.

Bailard.—On Monday, January 28, John Thomas, son of William and Agnes Bailard, aged 6 months and 5 days. The friends of the family are requested to attend the funeral, this (Wednesday) forenoon, at helt past ten o'clock, from 199 Bleecker street.

Bair.—On Tuesday morning, January 29, Mary Eliza, wife of William Bart, aged 25 years.

Her relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this (Wednesday) afternosn, at one o'clock, from St. Luke's Bospital, Fifty-fourth street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues. Her remains will be interred in Greenwood Cometery.

Bentier.—On Monday, January 28, of congestion of the brain, Mary Lorisa Bastriay, wife of T. Bentley, aged 25 years, 2 months and 20 days.

Pure and unspotted hath been her life, sanctified and glorious hath been her doath.

Her friends and relatives are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this (Wednesday) afternoen, at one o'clock, from her late residence, 178 Bowery.

Brackeninge, aged 1 year and 1 month.

Brenker.—On Monday, June 4, 1860, of fever, on the Bugar estate, Victoria, Cuba, William Brunker, aged 34 BRUNKER.—On Monday, June 4, 1860, of fever, on the sugar estate, Victoria, Cuba, William BRUNKIR, agod 34 years, of Cold Springs, Putnam county, N., Thermody, Charles, January 8, at Cold Springs, of diptheria, January 8, at Cold Springs, of diptheria, January 8, at Cold Springs, and the late William Brunker, aged 5 years and 4 months.

I saw her robed in white as they decked her for the

I saw her robed in white as they decked her for the tomb, And haid upon her breast a sweet flower in its bloom; A rmile of beauty lingered on her tace so fair. It seemed as if an angel were sweetly slumbering there. I saw her once again, in the vision of the night, the seemed a little chorub in her robes of snowy white; A harp was in her handrand a garband on her brow, Forever more an angel; oh, such I see her now.

BUTHEL—On Tueeday, January 29, Whilms RECHAID BUTHEL, son of Peter and Elizabeth Butler, aged 3 years, 10 menths and 3 days.

The friends of the family are respectfully requested to attend the funeral, from the residence of his parents, 619 Grandstreet, this (Wednesday) afternoon, at three o'clock. St. John, N. B., papers please copy.

Campiall—On Sunday, January 27, Many, relict of the late Alexander Campbell; in the Sid year of her age.

The friends of the family, and of her sees, Thomas N., James and William S. Campbell, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, without further invitation, from her late regidence No. 22 West Fourteenth street, this (Wednesday) afternoon, at three o'clock.

CROWLEY.—On Tuesday, January 29, at the residence of her machaer, No. 510 Fifth street, Carmanus Chowury, aged 30 years.

For particulars of the funeral see to morrow's paper.

aged 30 years.
For particulars of the funeral see to morrow's paper.
GLERK.—In Winterport, Maine, on Tuceday, January 15.
Jons January, youngest son of George W. and Margaret
Clark, aged 5 months.

Clark, aged 5 months.

Nova Scotia papers picase copy.

CENNSORIAM —On Tuessay morning, January 20, Max.

Natt, widow of the late Daniel Conningham, aged 68

NAM, widow of the late Daniel Conningium, aged 98 years.

The friends of the family and those of her son, Daniel, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, 36 orchard street, this (Wednesday) afternoon, at two o'clock, without further notice.

DANES, good 65 years.

His friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his son, 375 Myrtle avenue, this (Wednesday) afternoon, at two o'clock.

Proghisceptic papers please copy.

DE GURLIE.—O'B Tuesday, January 29, Acoustus De GURLIE, youngest son of the late Joseph F. De Guelle, as his residence, 32 Rieccker parcet.

His friends and those of the femily are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from Si. Thomas' church, corner of Housten street and Broadway, on Friday afternoon, at two o'clock, without further notice.

Emississeros.—In Brocklyn, on Sunday, January 27, Multian Emississeros, aged 42 years, a neitye of Loudon, England.

England.

The friends are invited to attend the funeral, this (Wed nesday) afternoon, at two e'clock, from his late reside Franklin avenue, third door south of Patnam avenue.

needay) attornoon, at two o'clock, from his late residence, Franklin avenue, third door south of Patnam avenue. English papers will planae copy. January 29, Mrs. Wm. M. Fownse, of congestion of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Thursday afternoon, at one o'clock, from the residence of her father, Henry Simpson, 78 West Seventeenth street.

Grussa—In this city, on Monday, January 29, Mrs. Acc Gresse, in the 57th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, this (Wednesday) afternoon, at one gwicek, from her late residence, 98 Eldridge sizest, without further notice.

Gresses—la Brocklyn, ca Monday, January 28, after a lingering linese, Carnears A., widow of the late Samuel Gifford.

The friewds, and those of her father, Cornelius Griffin, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this (Wednesday) alternoon, at two cyclock, from her late residence No. 113 Puffield street, without further invitation. Verment and Detroit papers please copy.

Hanton—On Tuesday, January 29, Eswand Hanton, in the 12d year of his fige.

His friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 75 Suffulk street, on Thursday afternoon, at half-past one o'clock. Ills remains will be interraced in Calway Cemetery.

Jones —Suddenly, at Bedford Institute, on Sunday, January 27, legenerate 8, Jones, daughter of Edmund Elizabeth Jones, aged 12 years, grandiaughter of Edmund Jones.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully The revisionee of her

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, from the residence of her faber, 120th street, between Eleventh and Tweitth aveaus, Manhattanville, this (Wednesday) afternoon, at the other this work of the west of

The relatives and friends of the fa hity are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his euter, No. 134 Edvidge street, an Thursday afternoon, at

two o'clock, without further invitation. The remains will be taken to Greenwood for interment.

KERPETAL!—In this city, on Monday, lanuary 28, after a king and pulseful fillness, MARIA KERCHAM aged 53 years, wife of Rev. Albert Ketcham, of Schney Plains, N.V., and daughter of Zophar L'filler, deceased, formerly of Wading River, f.

r interment. Long laintid and Delaware county, N. Y., payers please

long librid and Delaware course, N. I., papers please copy.

Lacourse.—In this city, on Sunday morning, Jamuary 21. Earcament Enems Lacourse.

The relative shad friends of the family are in afted to attend the functual, front Ber late revidence, SI Chinton place, this (Wednesday) morning, at ten o'clock, without further invitation.

Lawrence.—In Brodelyn, on Tuesday, January 29.

Charles Waring Lawrence, aged 25 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the futient, from St. Ama's church, Washington street, on Thirsday afternoon, at two o'clock. Stamford, Conn., papers will pleans copy.

Moran.—On Tuesday, January 29, Margaret Moran, in this 26th year of her nee.

The friends and acquaintances are respectfully requested to aftend her functual in, Thursday afternoon, of two c'clock, from her late residence, No. 87 West Iwenty-fourth street.

quested to aftend her funeral un. Thursday afternoon, at two c'clock, from her late residence, No. 37 West Twenty-fourth street.

Mixis.—On Henday, January 25, Edward F. Mixis, aged 2 years, 2 shouths and 15 tays, only clidid of Emity J. and the late George H. Ming.

The relatives and friends of this family, and also of his grandfather. Alexisider Ming, are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, this (Wednestry) afternoon, at two o'clock, from the residence of his factor, No. 110 West Thatty-sixth street, without further actice.

A man,—On Tuesday, January 29, Rosanan Moran, o consumption, aged 52 years.

The relatives and friends of the farmy are invited to attend the foneral, on Thursday mornes, at ten o'clock, from 110, 179 West Porty second streed.

Mich wath.—On Tuesday, January 29, of congestion of the brein, Canwarason R., son of John and Phebe McPonald, aged 6 months and 25 days.

The friends and relatives of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from 141 West Broadway, on Thursday afternoon, at one o'clock.

Omers.—At his residence, 170 Clinton street, on Tuesday, January 29, Mossi H. Omers, aged 45 years.

The remains will be carried to Elizabeth, N. J., and the funeral services will be held at the residence of his brother, J. L. Ogden, 137 Water street, on Thursday morning, at eleven o'clock.

Osnoux.—At his residence, No. 54 King street, on Tuesday, January 29, Residence, No. 54 King street, on Tuesday, January 29, Residence, No. 54 King street, on Tuesday, January 29, Residence, No. 54 King street, on Tuesday, January 29, Residence, No. 54 King street, on Tuesday, January 29, Residence, No. 54 King street, on Tuesday, January 29, Residence, No. 54 King street, on Tuesday, January 29, Residence, No. 54 King street, on Tuesday, January 29, Residence, No. 54 King street, on Tuesday, January 29, Residence, No. 54 King street, on Tuesday, January 29, Residence, No. 54 King street, on Tuesday, January 29, Residence, No. 54 King street, on Tuesday, January 29, Residence, No. 54 K

OSBORN.—Ar his residence, No. 51 King street, on Tuesday, January 29, Rathen Jossen Osborn, in the 59th year of his age.

Particulars of the funeral will be published to morrow. Philadelphia papers please cepy.

FURMA.—In Brooklyh, on Tuesday, January 29, of congestion of the large, Washington Purman, but he large, Washington Purman, on Thursday afternoon, at one of clock.

Ben.—Suddenly, at his residence, No. 127 West Forty-afth street, Capiain Samuel. C. Reid, of congestion of the lungs, in the 77th year of his age.

His friends, and those of his age.

His friends, and those of his sons. Samuel C., A. Bertrand, and Win. J. Reid, and the officers of the United States navy and army, are particularly invited to attend the funeral services at frially Church, on Thursday afternoon, at two o'clock.

Share—On Sunday, January 23, Michael Share.

The officers and members of Covenant Lodge, No. 35, L. O. of O. F., are requested to meet at their room, 108

Bowery, this day (Wednesday), the 30th inst., at one o'clock P. M., to pay the last tribute of respect to our departed brother.

West, H. Burgas, Secretary.

Shifts.—In Brocklyn, on Monday, January 28, Mrs. Margader Spirm, aged 73 years.

Schimtz.—On Monday, January 28, William Antioner Schmitz, aged 74 years, 7 months and 11 days.

The friends and relatives of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, without further invitation, from his late residence, No. 221 East Ninth atroet, this (Wednesday) afternoon, at one o'clock.

Schantos.—On Tresday morning, January 29, Harring Atgusta, and January 21, and Atgusta, and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, without further invitation, from his late residence of her parents, No. 153 South First street, Williamsburg, without further invitation, from the residence of her parents, No. 153 South First street, Williamsburg, without further invitation, from the residence of her parents, No. 153 South First street, Williamsburg, without further hotice, this (Wednesday) afternoon, at

TATION.—At Glen Cove, L. I., on Saturday, January 25, Joseph James Taylou, of England, aged 42 years.
His remains will be taken to Garrisons, N. Y., this (Wednesday) morning for interment.
English papers please copy.
Tensul.—At Jersey City, on Tuesday afternoon, January 29, of pneumonia, Chaules J. Turkil, aged 42 years.
The funeral services will be perserned at St. Matthew's church, Sussex place, Jersey City, this (Wednesday) afternoon, at two o'clock. His relatives and friends are invited to attend without further notice. His remains will be interred in New York Bay Cemetery.

Ward.—In Brooklyn, on Tuesday, January 29, Camarins Amelia, wife of John S. Ward, in the 25th year of her age.

her age.

The friends of the family are invited to attend her funeral, from her late residence, Sixteenth street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues, Brooklyn, this (Wednesday) efterneon, at half past three o'clock.

WHILAMSON.—In this city, on Tuesday, January 29, James Whilamson, in the 47th year of his age.

The reslatives and friends of the family, also those of his brother in-haw, Alexander Burnet, are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, on Thursday afternoon, at two o'clock, from 58 Jane street, without further invitation.

A N IMMENSE DISCOUNT. A white China Tea Sets, 44 pieces, for White China dinner Plates, the dozen. White china tea Plates, the dozen. White china covered Dishase, each. White thina Soup Turcens, each. White china dinner Sets. White china dinner Sets
Gold band china dinner Sets
Gold band china tea Sets
Gold band china tea Sets
Gold band china tea Sets
Gold band gold china tea Sets
Silver plated Tablespoons, the dezen
Silver plated Teaspoons, the dezen
Ivory bandle dinner Knives the dozen
ALSO,
The back

The largest assortment in the city of FANCY DINNER SETS, ABOUT HALF PRICE.
W. J. F. DAILLEY & CO., 631 Broadway. From \$50

AT \$4 50-DOUBLE SOLE NAPOLEON TAP BOOTS at JONES', 10 and 12 Ann street, a new style. AT GIMBREDE'S.—THE GRAY CARD AND OTHER AT EVERDELL'S OLD STORE 302 BROADWAY,-

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WHITE'S PATENT LEVER SUP! SORTER
should be worn by all troubled with weakn ses, &c. Soud for
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CONCENTRATED LEAVEN. It is admitted by all those who have made bread, cakes and, pastry through the agency of the Concentrated Leaven, manufactured by Messer. Edward Chamberlin & Co., of Boston, that it is much more, beachty and austritions than any other. For sale by all greaters and druggists.

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Extra Cr. rriage and Furniture Dusters, Cornice Dusters, Pieto Lure and Mirror Dusters, Pieto Dusters, &c.

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PREUVIAN SYRUP. TRY IT. Sold by all druggists

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HEGEMAN & CO.'S Benzine, for the instant remot grease spots, paints, &c., &c., and for cleaning glo silks, ribbons &c., equal to new, without injury to cold fibric. Sold by druggists only 26 cents per bottle. See you get the genuine article.

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